

SYLLABUS

1. Information regarding the programme

1.1 Higher education institution	Babeş Bolyai University
1.2 Faculty	Faculty of Mathematics and Computer Science
1.3 Department	Department of Computer Science
1.4 Field of study	Computer Science
1.5 Study cycle	Undergraduate
1.6 Study programme / Qualification	Computer Science

2. Information regarding the discipline

2.1 Name of the discipline	Metode Avansate de Programare Advanced Programming Methods						
2.2 Course coordinator	Assoc. Prof. Eng. Florin Craciun						
2.3 Seminar coordinator	Assoc. Prof. Eng. Florin Craciun						
2.4. Year of study	2	2.5 Semester	3	2.6. Type of evaluation	E	2.7 Type of discipline	Compulsory

3. Total estimated time (hours/semester of didactic activities)

3.1 Hours per week	6	Of which: 3.2 course	2	3.3 seminar/laboratory	2 sem. + 2 lab.
3.4 Total hours in the curriculum	84	Of which: 3.5 course	28	3.6 seminar/laboratory	28 sem + 28 lab
Time allotment:					hours
Learning using manual, course support, bibliography, course notes					20
Additional documentation (in libraries, on electronic platforms, field documentation)					10
Preparation for seminars/labs, homework, papers, portfolios and essays					26
Tutorship					5
Evaluations					5
Other activities:					-
3.7 Total individual study hours	66				
3.8 Total hours per semester	150				
3.9 Number of ECTS credits	6				

4. Prerequisites (if necessary)

4.1. curriculum	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Object oriented programming, Algorithmics, Data structures
4.2. competencies	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Basic notions and programming skills

5. Conditions (if necessary)

5.1. for the course	projector
5.2. for the seminar /lab activities	projector

6. Specific competencies acquired

Professional competencies	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Knowledge, understanding and use of basic concepts of object-oriented analysis and design. • Ability to work independently and/or in a team in order to solve problems in defined professional contexts. • Good programming skills in object-oriented languages especially in Java
Transversal competencies	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Ability to apply design patterns in different contexts • Ability to build software projects by following the main phases in software applications development. • Ability to create projects with clear separations on architectural layers, based on different architectural patterns.

7. Objectives of the discipline (outcome of the acquired competencies)

7.1 General objective of the discipline	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Each student has to prove that (s)he acquired an acceptable level of knowledge and understanding of the subject, that (s)he is capable of stating these knowledge in a coherent form, that (s)he has correct habits of analysis, design, and implementation based on design patterns and general object oriented paradigms
7.2 Specific objective of the discipline	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The students should have the ability to use Java language, design patterns, and to create GUI for their applications. Also they have to be able to use object-oriented concepts in program analysis and design.

8. Content

8.1 Course	Teaching methods	Remarks
1. Introduction to Java platform: platform, language syntax, primitive data types, arrays, classes, interfaces, packages, enums, overriding, overloading, exceptions	Exposure,description, explanation, debate and dialogue, discussion of case studies	
2. Collections and Generic Types: anonymous classes, polymorphism, casting	Exposure,description, explanation, debate and dialogue, discussion of case studies	
3. IO,NIO: binary and character oriented streams, files, channels and buffers	Exposure,description, explanation, debate and dialogue, discussion of case studies	
4. Functional programming: lambda expressions, streams	Exposure,description, explanation, debate and dialogue, discussion of case studies	

5. GUI: Java FX components, event handling	Exposure,description, explanation, discussion of case studies	
6. Concurrency: threads, executors, futures, exception handling	Exposure,description, explanation, discussion of case studies	
7. Concurrency: sync vs async methods, callback methods, cancellation	Exposure,description, explanation, debate and dialogue, discussion of case studies	
8. XML: schema, documents	Exposure,description, explanation, debate and dialogue, discussion of case studies	
9. GUI (cont.):FXML, CSS. Metaprogramming: reflection, serialization	Exposure,description, explanation, discussion of case studies	
10. Introduction in C# and .Net	Exposure,description, explanation, discussion of case studies	
11. Collections in C#	Exposure,description, explanation, discussion of case studies	
12. IO operations in C#	Exposure,description, explanation, discussion of case studies	
13. GUI in C#	Exposure,description, explanation, discussion of case studies	
14. LINQ	Exposure,description, explanation, discussion of case studies	

Bibliography

1. James Gosling, Bill Joy, Guy Steele, Gilad Bracha, Alex Buckley. The Java™ Language Specification Java SE 7 Edition.
2. Eckel, B., Thinking in Java, 4th edition, Prentice Hall, 2006
3. Eckel, B.: Thinking in Patterns with Java, 2004. MindView, Inc
4. E. Gamma, R. Helm, R. Johnson, J. Vlissides, Design Patterns – Elements of Reusable Object Oriented Software, Ed. Addison Wesley, 1994
5. ***, The Java Tutorial, 2013. <http://download.oracle.com/javase/tutorial/>
6. Joseph Albahari and Ben Albahari, C# 4.0 in a Nutshell, Fourth Edition, O’Reilly, 2010

7. ***, Microsoft Developer Network, Microsoft Inc., http://msdn.microsoft.com/		
8.2 Seminar and 8.3 Laboratories	Teaching methods	Remarks
1. Java basic project	Conversation, debate, case studies, examples	
2. Java project: Collections, Generics	Conversation, debate, case studies, examples	
3. Java project: Generics	Conversation, debate, case studies, examples	
4. Java project: IO		
5. Java project: Functional programming	Conversation, debate, case studies, examples	
6. Java project: GUI	Conversation, debate, case studies, examples	
7. Java project: concurrency	Conversation, debate, case studies, examples	
8. Java project:xml		
9. Java project: GUI		
10. C# project basics		
11. C# project collections		
12. C# project io		
13. C# project GUI		
14. C# project Linq		
Bibliography <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. James Gosling, Bill Joy, Guy Steele, Gilad Bracha, Alex Buckley. The Java™ Language Specification Java SE 7 Edition. 2. Eckel, B., Thinking in Java, 4th edition, Prentice Hall, 2006 3. E. Gamma, R. Helm, R. Johnson, J. Vlissides, Design Patterns – Elements of Reusable Object Oriented Software, Ed. Addison Wesley, 1994 4. Joseph Albahari and Ben Albahari, C# 4.0 in a Nutshell, Fourth Edition, O’Reilly, 2010 5. ***, Microsoft Developer Network, Microsoft Inc., http://msdn.microsoft.com/ 6. ***, The Java Tutorial, 2013. http://download.oracle.com/javase/tutorial/ 		

9. Corroborating the content of the discipline with the expectations of the epistemic community, professional associations and representative employers within the field of the program

<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The course respects the IEEE and ACM Curricula Recommendations for Computer Science studies; • The content of the course is considered by the software companies as important for average software development skills
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10. Evaluation

Type of activity	10.1 Evaluation criteria	10.2 Evaluation methods	10.3 Share in the grade (%)
10.4 Course	- know the basic principle of the domain;	Written final exam	25%
	- apply the course concepts - problem solving	Practical final exam	35%

10.5 Seminar/lab activities	- be able to use course concepts in solving the real problems	Laboratories Assignments	35%
		Seminar Activity	5%

10.6 Minimum performance standards

- At least grade 5 (from a scale of 1 to 10) at written final exam and practical final exam. At least grade 5 for the final grade.
- Rules:
- **You can change your subgroup for the lab only once at the first lab. You have to announce the lab teacher about this. After the first lab you cannot change your subgroup lab time.**
- **you have to present each lab assignment at its deadline**
- **- for each lab assignment you will get a grade between 1 to 10**
- **- the deadline for each lab assignment is clearly specified in the assignment text file**
- **- if you delay an assignment 1 week you can get maximum 7 on that assignment**
- **- if you delay an assignment more than 1 week you will automatically get the grade 0 for it and you cannot submit it anymore**
- **- the final grade for the lab activity is the arithmetic average of the lab assignments grades**
- **you have to implement all the assignments since the problems of the final practical exam are extensions of the lab assignments**
- - the lab assignments mainly consist of a big project to implement an interpreter (virtual machine) of an imperative concurrent toy language
- - at each lab assignment (almost each week) you will add the rules and the data structures required to execute one or more new instructions of the toy language
- - the toy language interpreter will be implemented in Java
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- - a schedule of the lab assignments (periodically updated) can be found at LabAssignmentsSchedule.pdf
- **The first condition to get into the final exam is to attend minimum 90% of the labs and minimum 70% of the seminars. That means you must attend minimum 10 seminars and minimum 12 laboratories. Please read the following document:**
- <http://www.cs.ubbcluj.ro/wp-content/uploads/Hotarare-CDI-15.03.2017.pdf>
- **- Holydays and 2 October are considered by default attended**
- **The second condition to get into the final exam is to get minimum grade 5 at the lab activity.**
- **Rules for the Students from previous years (“Restantieri”): the students must attend the labs and the seminars, must do the lab assignments, and must pass the final exam**
- **- in order to pass the final exam you must have:**
- **-- at least 5 at the final theoretical exam and**
- **-- at least 5 at the final practical exam and**
- **-- the final grade must be at least 5**
- - you can pass either both the final theoretical exam and the final practical exam or nothing
- **Rules for the second exam (“restanta”): The first condition to get into the final exam is to attend minimum 90% of the labs and minimum 70% of the seminars. That means you must attend minimum 10 seminars and minimum 12 laboratories. Please read the following document:**
- <http://www.cs.ubbcluj.ro/wp-content/uploads/Hotarare-CDI-15.03.2017.pdf>
- Holydays and 2 October are considered by default attended**
- The second condition to get into the final exam is to get minimum grade 5 at the lab activity.**
- in order to pass the final second exam you must have:**
- at least 5 at the final theoretical exam and**
- at least 5 at the final practical exam and**
- the final grade is 5**
- you can pass either both the second final theoretical exam and the second final practical exam or nothing

Date

Signature of course coordinator

Signature of seminar coordinator

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Assoc. Prof. PhD. Florin CRACIUN

Assoc. Prof. PhD. Florin CRACIUN

Date of approval

Signature of the head of department

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